

**COLLEGE OF TRADITIONAL CHINESE MEDICINE PRACTITIONERS AND ACUPUNCTURISTS
OF BRITISH COLUMBIA BYLAWS**

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Definitions

1. In these bylaws:

“Act” means the *Health Professions Act*;

“appointed board member” means a member of the board appointed by the Minister of Health and Minister Responsible for Seniors under section 17(3)(b) of the Act;

“ballot” means an electronic ballot or a paper ballot;

“board” means the board of the College of Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioners and Acupuncturists of British Columbia;

“chair” means the chair of the board elected under section 13 of the Act;

“Code of Ethics” means the Code of Ethics set out in Schedule “A”;

“college” means the College of Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioners and Acupuncturists of British Columbia established by the Regulation;

“deliver”, with reference to a notice or other document, includes mail to or leave with a person, deposit in a person’s mailbox or receptacle at the person’s residence or place of business, or transmit to the person’s electronic mail address or a specific form of delivery required by the college;

“elected board member” means a member of the board elected under section 17(3)(a) of the Act;

“examination” means theoretical or clinical examination, given orally or in writing, or by computer, or a practical examination, or any combination of these, and includes a supplementary examination;

“good standing” means in respect of a registrant that their registration is not suspended, cancelled, or otherwise restricted or limited by section 20(2.1) or (3), 32.2(4)(b), 32.3(3)(b), 33(2), 35, 36, 37.1, 39 or 39.1 of the Act;

“personal information” means personal information as defined in Schedule 1 of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*;

“practice” means practising within the scope of practice as defined in section 4 of the Regulation;

“professional service” means the provision of professional expertise in traditional Chinese medicine and acupuncture as defined in the Regulation in a health care delivery, education, research, and/or policy and regulation role that requires the knowledge and skills outlined in the Entry-Level Occupational Competency Profiles for TCM Practitioners, Acupuncturists, or Doctors of TCM;

“professional misconduct of a sexual nature” means conduct by a registrant towards a patient that constitutes:

(a) sexual intercourse or another form of physical sexual relations,

(b) touching of a sexual nature, or

(c) behavior or remarks of a sexual nature,

but does not include touching, behavior and remarks by the registrant towards the patient that are of a clinical nature appropriate to the service being provided;

“professional association” means an association or similar type of organization which represents, acts as an agent for and/or otherwise advocates for the interests of TCM practitioners and acupuncturists;

“public representative” means a person who is not a registrant or former registrant and who has no close family or business relationship with a registrant or former registrant and includes an appointed board member;

“record” means a record as defined in Schedule 1 of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*;

“Regulation” means the Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioners and Acupuncturists Regulation;

"respondent" means a registrant named in a citation under section 37 of the Act;

“special resolution” is a resolution that requires a $\frac{3}{4}$ vote of those persons present and eligible to vote at a meeting;

“Standards of Practice” means the Standards of Practice set out in Schedule “B”;

“supervision” means that the supervised person must only practice under the review of a registrant in accordance with directions by the college; and

"vice-chair" means the vice-chair of the board elected under section 13.

PART I: BOARD OF THE COLLEGE

Composition of Board

2. (1) The board consists of six elected board members and the appointed board members.
- (2) At least one of the elected board members must be elected from the province of British Columbia outside the Lower Mainland.

Electoral Districts

3. (1) The province of British Columbia shall be divided into 2 electoral districts: Lower Mainland; and the province of British Columbia outside the Lower Mainland.
- (2) The board may change the boundaries of an electoral district by special resolution.

Eligibility for Election

4. (1) Subject to section 9, a registrant is eligible for election to the board if they:
 - (a) reside in the electoral district in which they are nominated,
 - (b) are a full registrant in good standing,
 - (c) are not indebted to the college for any outstanding fee, debt, or levy,
 - (d) do not hold a position that would give rise to a conflict of interest with their obligations as a board member to the college, if elected,
 - (e) provide an undertaking not to seek or accept a position that would give rise to a conflict of interest with their obligations as a board member to the college, if elected,
 - (f) refrain from publishing election material that is inconsistent with the duties and obligations of board members under their oath of office,
 - (g) are able to communicate in English,
 - (h) within the six years preceding the election,
 - (i) have not had their registration suspended and/or cancelled for any other reason than non-payment of fees, and
 - (ii) have not had their registration otherwise restricted or limited by terms, limits or conditions of a consent undertaking under section 36 of the Act for a serious matter, a consent undertaking under section 37.1 of the Act, or an order under sections 35, 39 or 39.1 of the Act.
- (2) The prohibitions in section 4(1)(h) do not apply to any term, limit, restriction, suspension or cancellation designed to accommodate a disability within the meaning of the *Human Rights Code*.

Eligibility to Vote in an Election

5. A full registrant in good standing is eligible to vote in an election to the board.

Nomination Procedure

6.
 - (1) At least 120 days prior to the expiry of the term of office, the registrar must notify every registrant in the applicable district(s) of the date of an election and provide information about the nomination and voting procedure.
 - (2) Any full registrant in good standing may nominate for office one registrant.
 - (3) The nomination must be received at least 90 days prior to the expiry of the term of office.
 - (4) The registrar must disqualify any nominee who is not eligible for election and must notify in writing the nominee and the board of the reasons for disqualification.

Election Procedure

7.
 - (1) The registrar must prepare and deliver a ballot to each registrant eligible to vote in an election at least 60 days prior to the expiry of the term of office.
 - (2) Each registrant who is eligible to vote is entitled to one ballot and may cast one vote for each member to be elected.
 - (3) A ballot must not be counted unless it is received by the registrar at least 30 days prior to the expiry of the term of office and is cast in compliance with the voting method determined by the board.
 - (4) In the event of a service or technical interruption of an electronic voting method, the registrar may extend the deadline to accommodate for the interruption.
 - (5) The person who receives the most votes for each position is elected.
 - (6) In the case of a tie vote, the registrar must determine the successful candidate by random draw.
 - (7) The registrar must supervise and administer all board elections and may establish procedures, consistent with these bylaws, for that purpose.
 - (8) The registrar is the sole arbiter of any irregularity or dispute with respect to any nomination, ballot or election, and their decision is final.
 - (9) Where the number of nominees is less than or equal to the number of positions in an electoral district the registrar must declare the nominees to be elected by acclamation.
 - (10) Where the number of nominees is less than the number of positions in an electoral district the board may fill the remaining positions pursuant to section 11.

Election Results

8. As soon as possible following the counting of ballots, the registrar must publish the election results on the college website.

Term of Office

9.
 - (1) The term of office for an elected board member is 3 years, commencing on January 1 of each year.
 - (2) Subject to subsection (4), an elected board member must not hold office as an elected board member for more than 6 consecutive years.
 - (3) The maximum period under subsection (4) does not include the time spent by a board member appointed to fill a vacant board position.
 - (4) An elected board member who has held office for a period of 6 consecutive years is not eligible to be elected in an election until at least 2 years have elapsed since the expiry of their last term in office.
 - (5) An elected board member may not be a director or officer of a traditional Chinese medicine professional association and may not hold any position which would cause the elected board member to have a conflict of interest by virtue of having competing fiduciary or other obligations to both the college and another organization.
10. An elected board member ceases to hold office upon:
 - (1) delivery of a notice of resignation in writing to the registrar,
 - (2) the date the member ceases to be a registrant in good standing,
 - (3) the date the member accepts a position as a director or officer of a traditional Chinese medicine professional association,
 - (4) removal of the member from office by special resolution of the board, or
 - (5) the death of the registrant.

Vacancy

11. The board may fill a vacancy of an elected board position by majority vote of the remaining board members until the unexpired portion of the vacated term.

Remuneration of Board Members

12. (1) Board members are entitled to be:

- (a) remunerated for time spent on business of the college, in the amount approved by the board from time to time, and
 - (b) reimbursed by the college for reasonable expenses necessarily incurred in connection with college business.
- (2) The amount of remuneration approved for the chair of the board may be different from the amount of remuneration approved for all other board members.

Board Chair and Vice-Chair

13. (1) The members of the board must elect a chair and a vice-chair by a majority vote for a 1 year term.
- (2) The chair must:
- (a) preside at all meetings of the board and be an ex-officio member of all committees
 - (b) sign all certificates, diplomas and other instruments executed on behalf of the college as required, and
 - (c) sign the minutes of each meeting after they are approved by the board.
- (3) The vice-chair must perform the duties of the chair in the absence of the chair.
- (4) In the absence of both the chair and the vice-chair, an acting chair for a board meeting must be elected by a majority vote of the board members present.

Board Meetings

14. (1) The board must meet at least 4 times in each fiscal year and must provide reasonable notice of board meetings to registrants.
- (2) The board may meet and conduct business by electronic means, telephone or video conference.
- (3) Meetings of the board must be called by the registrar at the request of either the chair or any 3 board members.
- (4) The registrar must ensure that minutes are taken at each meeting and are retained on file.
- (5) A majority of the board members constitutes a quorum.
- (6) Upon request by a registrant or a member of the public, the registrar must provide
- (a) details of the time and place of a board meeting,
 - (b) a copy of the agenda, and
 - (c) a copy of the minutes of any preceding open meeting.

- (7) Subject to subsection (8), meetings of the board must be open to registrants and to the public.
- (8) The board may exclude any person from any part of a meeting if it is satisfied that
 - (a) financial, personal or other matters may be discussed of such a nature that the interests of any affected person or the public in avoiding public disclosure outweighs the desirability of transparency,
 - (b) a person involved in a criminal proceeding or civil suit or proceeding may be prejudiced,
 - (c) personnel matters or property acquisitions will be discussed,
 - (d) the contents of examinations will be discussed,
 - (e) communications with the Office of the Ombudsman will be discussed,
 - (f) instructions will be given to or opinions received from legal counsel for the college, the board, or committees, or
 - (g) the person is acting in such a way as to prevent the board from conducting the meeting.
- (9) Any exclusion of person from a meeting must be noted in the minutes with the reason for the exclusion.
- (10) In the case of an equality of votes the proposed resolution shall not pass.
- (11) Except as otherwise provided for in the Act, the Regulation, or these bylaws, the most recent edition of *Robert's Rules of Order* governs the procedures at meetings of the board.

Extraordinary Board Meetings

- 15. (1) Where necessary to conduct urgent business, the registrar or the chair may call an extraordinary board meeting without providing notice to the registrants or the public.
- (2) A written resolution signed by all board members at an extraordinary board meeting is valid and binding and has the same effect as if passed at a meeting of the board.

Committees

- 16. (1) A registrant appointed to a committee
 - (a) must be a full registrant in good standing,
 - (b) may serve a term determined by the board not exceeding 3 years, and
 - (c) may not serve more than 2 consecutive terms.
- (2) The board must designate a committee chair from among the members of the committee.

- (3) Each committee must submit an annual report of its activities to the board.
- (4) The registrar is an ex-officio member of every committee.
- (5) A committee member may resign by delivering a notice in writing to the registrar.
- (6) A committee member may be removed by a majority vote of the board.

Registration Committee

17. (1) The registration committee is established consisting of at least 6 members appointed by the board.
- (2) The registration committee must include at least 2 public representatives.
- (3) The registration committee is responsible for:
 - (a) carrying out the duties prescribed to it under section 20 of the Act,
 - (b) determining eligibility to write examinations,
 - (c) reviewing and making recommendations to the board regarding amendment of Schedules E, H, L, and M.

Inquiry Committee

18. (1) The inquiry committee is established consisting of at least 6 members appointed by the board.
- (2) The inquiry committee must include at least 3 public representatives, at least 1 of whom must be an appointed board member.
- (3) No person may sit on the inquiry committee while a member of the discipline committee.
- (4) The inquiry committee is responsible for carrying out the duties prescribed to it under Part 3 of the Act.

Discipline Committee

19. (1) The discipline committee is established consisting of at least 6 members appointed by the board.
- (2) The discipline committee must include at least 2 public representatives.
- (4) No person may sit on the discipline committee while a member of the inquiry committee.
- (4) The discipline committee is responsible for carrying out the duties prescribed to it under Part 3 of the Act.

Quality Assurance Committee

20. (1) The quality assurance committee is established consisting of at least 6 members appointed by the board.
- (2) The quality assurance committee must include at least 2 public representatives.
- (3) The quality assurance committee is responsible for carrying out the duties prescribed to it under Part 3 of the Act and for
 - (a) recommending standards of practice to the board for approval,
 - (b) recommending a quality assurance program to the board for approval, and
 - (c) recommending continuing competency requirements to the board for approval.

Patient Relations Committee

21. (1) The patient relations committee is established consisting of at least 6 members appointed by the board.
- (2) The patient relations committee must include at least 2 public representatives.
- (3) The patient relations committee is responsible for establishing and maintaining a patient relations program that seeks to prevent professional misconduct of a sexual nature.

Education and Examination Committee

22. Repealed.

Finance Committee

23. (1) The finance committee is established consisting of at least 3 board members appointed by the board, and must include at least 1 public representative.
- (2) The finance committee is responsible for
 - (a) advising the board on the college's needs regarding financial administration, and on the financial implications of board and college decisions,
 - (b) recommending financial policies to the board,
 - (c) advising the board on issues relating to financial risk management and the board's oversight of
 - (i) the integrity and credibility of the college's financial statements and other disclosures,
 - (ii) the adequacy of the college's internal financial controls, and

- (iii) the college's annual audit.
- (d) upon the board's request, reporting on any review, investigation, process, policy, or other matter relating to the financial affairs of the college.

Executive Committee

- 24. (1) The executive committee is established consisting of at least 3 members, including the board chair, the board vice chair, and the chair of the finance committee, and must consist of at least 1/3 appointed board members.
- (2) The executive committee may act on any matter related to the ongoing administration of the college and may exercise all the powers of the board except when the board is in session.
- (3) Acts of the executive committee are effective as acts of the board, unless varied or rescinded by the board.
- (4) The executive committee must take minutes of its proceedings and submit them to the board at the next board meeting.

Committee Panels

- 25. (1) The discipline committee, the inquiry committee, the registration committee, quality assurance committee, and the patient relations committee may meet in panels of 3 persons which must include at least 1 public representative.
- (2) The chair of a committee referred to in subsection (1) must appoint the members of a panel and must designate a chair of the panel.
- (3) A panel of a committee referred to in subsection (1) may exercise any power, duty, or function of that committee.
- (4) Section 14(2) to (5) and (10) apply to a committee panel meeting as if it were a board meeting.

Remuneration of Committee Members

- 26. (1) Committee members are entitled to be:
 - (a) remunerated for time spent on business of the college, in the amount approved by the board from time to time, and
 - (b) reimbursed by the college for reasonable expenses necessarily incurred in connection with college business.
- (2) The amount of remuneration approved for the chair of the committee may be different from the amount of remuneration approved for all other committee members.

PART II: COLLEGE ADMINISTRATION

Seal

27. (1) A seal for the college must be approved by the board.
- (2) The seal of the college must be affixed, by those persons designated by the board, to certificates of registration and such other documents as the board may direct by resolution.

Registrar

28. (1) The registrar is the chief executive officer of the college responsible for all administrative, human resource and operational matters, including the funds of the college and must:
 - (a) establish and maintain such accounts with a chartered bank, trust company or credit union as the board determines necessary from time to time,
 - (b) unless otherwise directed by the board, submit at each board meeting a report of all revenues and expenditures since the last meeting,
 - (c) submit a report to the annual meeting of the college,
 - (d) submit a financial statement to the auditor immediately after the end of each fiscal year,
 - (e) keep the records and the college seal, and perform such other duties as required by the board, and
 - (f) is authorized, by bylaw, to establish forms for the purposes of the bylaws and require the use of such forms by registrants.
- (2) In the event of a vacancy in the office of the registrar, the board must appoint an acting registrar until the board appoints a successor.

Deputy Registrar

29. (1) The board may appoint a person to act as deputy registrar.
- (2) The deputy registrar must
 - (a) perform any duties assigned by the registrar, and
 - (b) in the event of the registrar's absence or inability to act, exercise the powers and perform the duties of the registrar.
- (3) The deputy registrar has the same authority as the registrar when they are acting on behalf of the registrar.

Fiscal Year

30. The fiscal year of the college begins on the April 1 and ends on March 31 of the following year.

Payments and Commitments

31. (1) The registrar may approve payments and commitments for the purchase of goods and services up to \$5,000.
- (2) All payments and commitments by the college in excess of \$5,000 must be approved by the registrar and a board member designated by the board.

Borrowing Powers

32. The board may raise funds or borrow money in the name of the college, in any manner determined by the board, in order to carry out the purposes of the college.

Investments

33. Subject to sections 15.1 and 15.2 of the *Trustee Act*, the board or, at its discretion, the registrar, may, in the name of the college:
- (a) invest funds of the college in any investments, and
- (b) change those investments.

Auditor

34. (1) The board must appoint a chartered professional accountant to be the auditor.
- (2) The registrar must submit the financial statement to the auditor within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.
- (3) A copy of the auditor's report must be included in the annual report.

Legal Counsel

35. The board or the registrar may retain legal counsel to advise and assist in carrying out any power or duty under the Act, the Regulation, or these bylaws.

General Meetings

36. (1) The board:
- (a) may convene a general meeting by resolution of the board, and

- (b) must convene a general meeting within 60 days after receipt by the registrar of a request for a meeting that is signed by at least 20% of all registrants eligible to vote and sets out an agenda of issues within the college's mandate.
37. (1) Not less than 45 days prior to the date of a general meeting, the registrar must post notice to the public of the meeting on the college website and must deliver notice of the general meeting to every registrant and every appointed board member.
- (2) Notice of a general meeting must include:
- (a) the place, day and time of the meeting,
 - (b) the general nature of the business to be considered at the meeting,
 - (c) any resolutions proposed by the board, and
 - (d) the form of proxy required by the college.
- (3) Accidental omission of delivery of notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of a notice of a meeting by any registrant or board member does not invalidate proceedings at that meeting.
- (4) General meetings must be open to the public.
- (5) In the absence of both the chair and the vice-chair of the board, the board members present shall elect a board member as acting chair by majority vote.
- (6) A quorum for a general meeting is 50 registrants.
- (7) No business, other than the adjournment or termination of the meeting, may be conducted at a general meeting at a time when a quorum is not present.
- (8) If at any time during a general meeting there ceases to be a quorum present, business then in progress shall be suspended until there is a quorum present.
- (9) If, within 30 minutes from the time appointed for the commencement of a general meeting or from any time during a general meeting when a quorum is not present, the meeting must be adjourned.
- (10) Where a general meeting is adjourned, notice of the rescheduled general meeting must be delivered as specified in subsections (1) and (2).
- (11) Except as these bylaws otherwise provide, the most recent edition of *Robert's Rules of Order* governs the procedures at general meetings.

Resolutions Proposed by Registrants

38. (1) Not less than 30 days prior to a general meeting, any 10 registrants may deliver a written notice to the registrar requesting the introduction of a resolution on a matter within the mandate of the college.

- (2) Not less than 14 days prior to the date of that meeting, the registrar must deliver to each registrant a copy of a resolution received under subsection (1).

Voting at General Meetings

39. (1) A registrant in good standing is eligible to vote at a general meeting if he or she is:
 - (a) a full registrant, or
 - (b) a non-practising registrant.
- (2) A registrant present at a meeting and eligible to vote pursuant to subsection (1) is entitled to one vote and the chair of the meeting, where the chair is a registrant, is entitled to one vote.
- (3) Voting must be by show of hands for all non-contentious matters as determined by the chair of the meeting and must otherwise be by ballot.
- (4) In case of a tie vote on a resolution, the proposed resolution shall not pass.
- (5) A registrant entitled to vote at a general meeting may appoint another registrant as their proxy for that meeting and the proxy holder has the same rights as the registrant who appointed them.
- (6) A proxy must be in the form required by the college and must be delivered to the registrar not less than 6 days prior to the general meeting.
- (7) A proxy may be revoked by the registrant in writing not less than 2 days prior to the date of a general meeting.
- (8) A proxy holder must not vote for more than 3 proxies.

Annual General Meeting

- 39.1 (1) An annual general meeting of the registrants must be held at least once in every calendar year in British Columbia, at a time and place determined by the board.
- (2) The following matters must be considered at an annual general meeting:
 - (a) financial statements,
 - (b) the report of the board, and
 - (c) the report of the auditor, if any.
- (3) The provisions governing general meetings in sections 36 to 38 apply to an annual general meeting.

PART III: COLLEGE RECORDS

Body responsible for administering the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*

40. (1) The registrar is the “head” of the college for the purposes of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.
- (2) The registrar may authorize a deputy registrar, a person employed by the college or a person who is contracted to perform services for the college to perform any duty or exercise any function of the registrar that arises under the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.
- (3) The board is responsible for ensuring that the registrar fulfills their duties under the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.
- (4) The registrar must report quarterly to the board regarding the steps it has taken to fulfill its duties under the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.

Fees for information request

41. Subject to section 75 of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*, an applicant who requests access to a college record under section 5 of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act* must pay the fees set out in Schedule D for services required to comply with the information request.

Protection of personal information

42. (1) The board must take all reasonable measures to ensure that the collection, use, and disclosure of personal information occurs in accordance with the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.
- (2) The board must take reasonable measures to ensure that, where personal information is sent to any person or service organization for processing, storage or destruction, a contract is made with that person or organization which includes an undertaking by the person or organization that confidentiality will be maintained.

Disclosure of annual report

43. The college must provide a copy of the annual report to every registrant and to a person on request.

Disclosure of registration status

44. (1) Where an inquiry about the registration status of a person is received by the board or the registrar, the registrar must disclose:
 - (a) whether the person is a registrant or a former registrant,

- (b) whether the discipline committee has ever issued an order relating to the person under section 39 of the Act and the details of the order,
 - (c) whether the person has ever signed a consent order under section 36 of the Act, and
 - (d) if so, the details of a consent order pertaining to a change in the person's registration status or a restriction on the practice of the profession of the registrant.
- (2) Except with the consent of the person affected, the registrar must not release the names of complainants, patients, or their families or information which might otherwise enable a person inquiring about the status of a registrant to establish the identity of complainants, patients or their families.

Manner of disposal of college records containing personal information

45. (1) The board must ensure that a college record containing personal information is disposed of only by:
- (a) effectively destroying a physical record by utilizing a shredder or by complete burning,
 - (b) erasing information recorded or stored by electronic methods on tapes, disks or cassettes in a manner that ensures that the information cannot be reconstructed,
 - (c) returning the record to the person the information pertains to, or
 - (d) returning the record to the registrant who compiled the information.

PART IV: REGISTRATION

Registration title abbreviations

47. The following abbreviations may be used for reserved titles:

- (1) “R.Ac.” for Registered Acupuncturists,
- (2) “R.TCM.H” for Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist,
- (3) “R.TCM.P” for Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner, and
- (4) “Dr. TCM.” for Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine.

Classes of registration

47.1. The following classes of registration are established:

- (1) full,
- (2) limited,
- (3) temporary,
- (4) student, and
- (5) non-practising.

Full registration

48. (1) Subject to subsection (6), an applicant may be granted full registration by the registration committee where the applicant:
- (a) has graduated from a traditional Chinese medicine education program recognized by the board for the purpose of registration and specified in Schedule “H”,
 - (b) has successfully completed not less than 2 years of liberal arts or sciences study (comprised of at least 60 credits) in an accredited college or chartered/approved university acceptable to the registration committee,
 - (c) has successfully completed the examinations and courses set out in Schedule “L” in the last 3 years,
 - (d) holds current certification in standard first aid and Level C cardiopulmonary resuscitation or equivalent certification satisfactory to the registration committee,
 - (e) provides evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the applicant is a person of good character consistent with the responsibilities and standards expected of a registrant, and

- (f) is a Canadian citizen, a permanent resident of Canada, or is otherwise authorized to work in Canada.
- (2) An applicant for registration must deliver to the registrar:
- (a) a completed application form for full registration to provide:
 - (i) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the applicant meets the requirements for registration set out in subsections 1(a) to (f),
 - (ii) personal information required for verifying identity and for maintenance of the register,
 - (iii) information regarding any criminal conviction or offence committed, past conduct involving the applicant's incompetence or untrustworthiness, previous limits, restrictions, or conditions on the applicant's practice that relate to the applicant's competence or fitness to practise in a regulated profession that the applicant was or is registered in,
 - (iv) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee to support the information provided in the declaration under subsection (iii),
 - (v) evidence that the applicant meets or will meet if the registration applied for is granted, the applicable requirements in section 60.2, and
 - (vi) a declaration that all information and statements submitted by the applicant are true, complete, and correct,
 - (b) the fees specified in Schedule "F",
 - (c) payment of any outstanding fee, debt, or levy owed to the college,
 - (d) all other relevant information or records about the applicant that relates to the applicant's competence, fitness to practice or good character, and
 - (e) any other information or records that the registration committee or registrar requires the applicant to submit in support of their application for registration.
- (3) Despite subsection (1), an applicant may be granted full registration by the registration committee if the applicant:
- (a) provides evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the applicant holds registration or licensure in good standing in another Canadian jurisdiction which is equivalent to full registration, and
 - (b) delivers to the registrar all information specified in subsection 2 required to provide evidence meeting the requirements established in subsections 1(d) to (f).
- (4) Despite subsections (1)(a) and (b), the registration committee may, in satisfying itself that the applicant meets the conditions or requirements for registration, consider whether the applicant's knowledge, skills, and abilities are substantially equivalent to the standards of academic or technical achievement and the competencies or other qualifications established in subsections (1)(a) and (b), and grant registration on that basis provided the applicant:

- (a) provides evidence satisfactory to the registration committee of such knowledge, skills and abilities, and
 - (b) delivers to the register all information specified in subsection 2 required to provide evidence meeting the requirements established in subsections 1(c) to (f).
- (5) After considering an application for registration under this section, the registration committee may grant limited registration to an applicant and impose such limits or conditions on an applicant's registration which, in its opinion, are necessary to protect the public.
- (6) A former or non-practising registrant seeking full registration must apply for reinstatement under section 58.
- (7) A full registrant can use the reserved title(s) that are authorized to them under section 3 of the Regulation.
- (8) Full registration is valid until March 31 of the year following the year the registration is granted by the registration committee.

Grandparented registration

49. Repealed.

49.1 Repealed

Limited registration

50. (1) Subject to the requirements of section 58(3), limited registration may be granted to a former full registrant or non-practising registrant who has been out of practice for 3 years or more with any limits or conditions the registration committee considers necessary for the protection of public safety.
- (2) Limited registration may be granted by the registration committee subject to section 48(5).
- (3) A person who has been granted limited registration may perform the services of a full registrant subject to any practice limits or conditions set by the registration committee, which may include a requirement for supervision.
- (4) A limited registrant must include the word "(Limited)" at the end of their reserved title(s).
- (5) Limited registration is valid until March 31 of the year following the year the registration is granted or a date otherwise specified by the registration committee that must not exceed 1 year from the date the registration is granted.
- (6) Limited registration can be renewed according to section 56.
- (7) If the registration committee is satisfied that the limits or conditions placed upon a limited registrant under this section are no longer necessary in the public interest and the registrant pays the fees specified in Schedule "F", the registration committee may reinstate the registrant to full registration

status for a period not longer than 1 year from the last date that limited registration was granted or renewed.

Student registration

51. (1) An applicant may be granted student registration by the registration committee where the applicant:
- (a) is currently enrolled as a student in a traditional Chinese medicine education program specified in Schedule “H” or is otherwise enrolled in a traditional Chinese medicine education program that is acceptable to the registration committee,
 - (b) provides evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that they are a person of good character consistent with the responsibilities of a registrant and the standards expected of a registrant, and
 - (c) is a Canadian citizen or permanent resident of Canada or is otherwise authorized to study in Canada.
- (2) An applicant for student registration must deliver to the registrar:
- (a) a completed application form for student registration to provide:
 - (i) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the applicant meets the requirements set out in subsections 1(a) to (c),
 - (ii) personal information required for verifying identity and for maintenance of the register,
 - (iii) information regarding any criminal conviction or offence committed, past conduct involving the applicant’s incompetence or untrustworthiness, previous limits, restrictions, or conditions on the applicant’s practice that relate to the applicant’s competence or fitness to practise in a regulated profession that the applicant was or is registered in,
 - (iv) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee to support the information provided in the declaration under subsection (iii),
 - (v) evidence of compliance with the requirements of the *Criminal Records Review Act*, and
 - (vi) a declaration that all information and statements by the applicant submitted are true, complete, and correct,
 - (b) the fees specified in Schedule “F”
 - (c) payment of any outstanding fee, debt, or levy owed to the college, and
 - (d) all other relevant information or records about the applicant that relates to the applicant’s competence, fitness to practice or good character, and
 - (e) any other information or records that the registration committee or registrar requires the applicant to submit in support of their application for registration.

- (3) A person must hold student registration prior to undertaking clinical instruction as defined in Schedule “E”.
- (4) A student registrant may only provide traditional Chinese medicine or acupuncture services during clinical instruction while under the supervision of a full registrant in good standing.
- (4) Student registration is valid until the earlier of March 31 of the year following the year the registration is granted or a date otherwise specified by the registration committee that must not exceed 1 year from the date the registration is granted.

Non-practising registration

- 52. (1) A full registrant may be granted non-practising registration by the registration committee where the registrant delivers to the registrar:
 - (a) a completed non-practising registration application form to provide:
 - (i) personal information required for verifying identity and for maintenance of the register,
 - (ii) confirmation from the registrant will not practise traditional Chinese medicine or acupuncture or provide professional service while holding non-practising registration,
 - (iii) evidence that the applicant meets or will meet if the registration applied for is granted, the applicable requirements in section 60.2, and
 - (iv) a declaration that all information and statements submitted by the applicant are true, complete, and correct,
 - (b) the fees specified in Schedule “F”,
 - (c) payment of any outstanding fee, debt, or levy owed to the college,
 - (d) all other relevant information or records about the applicant that relates to the applicant’s competence, fitness to practice or good character, and
 - (e) any other information or records that the registration committee or registrar requires the applicant to submit in support of their application for registration.
- (2) A non-practising registrant must not provide, delegate, or supervise professional service or practise as specified in the Regulation in the Province of British Columbia, Canada.
- (3) Non-practising registration is valid until March 31 of the year following the year the registration is granted by the registration committee.
- (4) A non-practising registrant may be reinstated to full registration in accordance with section 58.

Temporary registration

53. (1) An applicant may be granted temporary registration by the registration committee for a period not to exceed 3 months where the applicant:
- (a) is seeking to perform, provide or demonstrate traditional Chinese medicine services in a clinical education course or educational function which is acceptable to the registration committee,
 - (b) is either a full registrant in good standing of a regulatory body in Canada that regulates traditional Chinese medicine or is a full registrant in good standing of a regulatory body outside Canada that regulates traditional Chinese medicine who has completed an education program acceptable to the registration committee that meets the requirements established in Schedule “E” or an education program outlined in Schedule “H”,
 - (c) has not applied for registration or been granted registration under sections 48 to 52 within the preceding 3 years,
 - (d) has not applied to write the registration examinations specified in Schedule “L” within the preceding 3 years,
 - (e) holds current certification in standard first aid and Level C cardiopulmonary resuscitation or equivalent certification satisfactory to the registration committee,
 - (f) provides evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the applicant is a person of good character consistent with the responsibilities and standards expected of a registrant, and
 - (g) is a Canadian citizen, a permanent resident of Canada, or is otherwise authorized to work in Canada.
- (2) An applicant for temporary registration must deliver to the registrar:
- (a) a completed application form for temporary registration to provide:
 - (i) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the applicant meets the requirements for temporary registration set out in subsections 1(a) to (g),
 - (ii) personal information required for verifying identity and for maintenance of the register,
 - (iii) information regarding any criminal conviction or offence committed, past conduct involving the applicant’s incompetence or untrustworthiness, previous limits, restrictions, or conditions on the applicant’s practice that relate to the applicant’s competence or fitness to practise in a regulated profession that the applicant was or is registered in,
 - (iv) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee to support the information provided in the declaration under subsection (iii),
 - (v) evidence of compliance with the requirements of the *Criminal Records Review Act*,

- (vi) evidence that the applicant meets or will meet if the registration applied for is granted, the applicable requirements in section 60.2, and
 - (vii) a declaration that all information and statements submitted by the applicant are true, complete, and correct,
- (b) the fees specified in Schedule “F”,
 - (c) payment of any outstanding fee, debt, or levy owed to the college,
 - (d) all other relevant information or records about the applicant that relates to the applicant’s competence, fitness to practice or good character, and
 - (e) any other information or records that the registration committee or registrar requires the applicant to submit in support of their application for registration.
- (3) The registration committee may renew a registrant’s temporary registration once for a period not to exceed 3 months provided that a request for renewal is submitted to the registrar prior to the expiration of temporary registration.
 - (4) A temporary registrant may provide, perform, and demonstrate the services of a full registrant in a clinical education course or educational function, subject to any limits or conditions imposed by the registration committee.

Honorary registration

54. Repealed.

Certificate of registration

55. Repealed.

Examinations

55.1 Repealed and replaced by section 60.3

Registration renewal

- 56. (1) The college must deliver to each registrant, no later than February 15 of each year, notice of the registration renewal fees for that year and information about the consequences of late payment or non-payment of registration renewal fees.
- (2) A full or limited registrant seeking renewal of registration must deliver to the registrar on or before March 31 of the year in which renewal is sought, or the date otherwise specified by the registration committee for limited registration:
 - (a) a completed application form for registration renewal to provide:

- (i) personal information required for verifying identity and for maintenance of the register,
 - (ii) information regarding any criminal conviction or offence committed, past conduct involving the applicant's incompetence or untrustworthiness, previous limits, restrictions, or conditions on the applicant's practice that relate to the applicant's competence or fitness to practise in a regulated profession that the applicant was or is registered in,
 - (iii) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee to support the information provided in the declaration under subsection (ii),
 - (iv) a declaration of compliance with the continuing education requirements as set out in section 56.1,
 - (v) a declaration of compliance with the currency of practice requirements as set out in section 56.2,
 - (vi) evidence that the applicant meets and will meet the applicable requirements in section 60.2,
 - (vii) proof of current certification in standard first aid and Level C cardiopulmonary resuscitation or equivalent certification satisfactory to the registration committee,
 - (viii) proof that the applicant is a Canadian citizen, a permanent resident of Canada, or is otherwise authorized to work in Canada,
 - (ix) evidence of compliance with the requirements of the *Criminal Records Review Act*, and
 - (x) a declaration that all information and statements submitted by the applicant are true, complete, and correct,
- (b) the fees specified in Schedule "F"
 - (c) payment of any other outstanding fee, debt or levy owed to the college,
 - (d) all other relevant information or records about the applicant that relates to the applicant's competence, fitness to practice or good character, and
 - (e) any other information or records that the registration committee or registrar requires the applicant to submit in support of their application for registration.
- (3) The registration committee may renew the registration of a person who has been granted limited registration for a period not to exceed 1 year if the requirements in subsection (2) are met.
 - (4) A student registrant seeking renewal of registration must deliver to the registrar on or before March 31 of the year in which renewal is sought or the date otherwise specified by the registration committee:
 - (a) a completed application form for registration renewal to provide:

- (i) personal information update required for verifying identity and for maintenance of the register,
 - (ii) information regarding any criminal conviction or offence committed, past conduct involving the applicant's incompetence or untrustworthiness, previous limits, restrictions, or conditions on the applicant's practice that relate to the applicant's competence or fitness to practise in a regulated profession that the applicant was or is registered in,
 - (iii) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee to support the information provided in the declaration under subsection (ii),
 - (iv) evidence of current enrolment as a student in an educational program specified in Schedule "H" or an educational program otherwise approved by the registration committee,
 - (v) proof that the applicant is a Canadian citizen, a permanent resident of Canada, or is otherwise authorized to study in Canada,
 - (vi) evidence of compliance with the requirements of the *Criminal Records Review Act*, and
 - (vii) a declaration that all information and statements submitted by the applicant are true, complete, and correct,
- (b) the fees specified in Schedule "F",
 - (c) payment of any other outstanding fee, debt or levy owed to the college,
 - (d) all other relevant information or records about the applicant that relates to the applicant's competence, fitness to practice or good character, and
 - (e) any other information or records that the registration committee or registrar requires the applicant to submit in support of their application for registration.
- (5) A non-practising registrant seeking renewal of registration must deliver to the registrar on or before March 31 of the year in which renewal is sought or the date otherwise specified by the registration committee:
- (a) a completed application form for registration renewal to provide:
 - (i) personal information update required for verifying identity and for maintenance of the register,
 - (ii) information regarding any criminal conviction or offence committed, past conduct involving the applicant's incompetence or untrustworthiness, previous limits, restrictions, or conditions on the applicant's practice that relate to the applicant's competence or fitness to practise in a regulated profession that the applicant was or is registered in,
 - (iii) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee to support the information provided in the declaration under subsection (ii),

- (iv) a declaration by the applicant confirming that the registrant has not and will not practise traditional Chinese medicine or acupuncture or provide professional service while holding non-practising registration since the last declaration,
 - (v) a declaration of compliance with the continuing education requirements as set out in section 56.1,
 - (vi) evidence that the applicant meets and will meet the applicable requirements in section 60.2,
 - (vii) proof that the applicant is a Canadian citizen, a permanent resident of Canada, or is otherwise authorized to work in Canada,
 - (viii) evidence of compliance with the requirements of the *Criminal Records Review Act*, and
 - (ix) a declaration that all information and statements submitted are true, complete, and correct,
- (b) the fees specified in Schedule "F"
 - (c) payment of any other outstanding fee, debt or levy owed to the college.
 - (d) all other relevant information or records about the applicant that relates to the applicant's competence, fitness to practice or good character, and
 - (e) any other information or records that the registration committee or registrar requires the applicant to submit in support of their application for registration.
- (6) If a registrant fails to renew their registration on or before March 31 or before the expiry date of registration as specified by the registration committee, the registrant ceases to be registered.
 - (7) Despite subsections (2)(b), 4(b), and(5)(b), the registration committee may allow a person to renew their registration if the person demonstrates that they are unable to pay the required fees due to financial hardship.
 - (8) If the registration committee renews registration under subsection (7), the registration committee may require the registrant to pay the fees owing by installments during the registration period.

Continuing education

- 56.1. (1) Full, limited, and non-practising registrants must complete 50 hours of continuing education or the quality assurance program approved by the board in a 24-month period from the beginning of a fiscal year as determined by the quality assurance committee.
- (2) Full, limited, and non-practising registrants must provide evidence of compliance with section 56.1(1) on request.

Currency of practice

- 56.2. (1) A full registrant must complete a cumulative total of 600 hours of professional service and/or practice during the 3 years immediately preceding registration renewal in order to maintain currency of practice.
- (2) A full registrant must provide written proof of compliance with section 56.2(1) on request.

Conditions of registration renewal

57. Repealed and included in section 56.

57.1 Repealed and included in section 56.

Reinstatement

58. (1) A former full registrant or a non-practising registrant whose registration is not suspended or cancelled under Part 3 of the Act and who has been out of practice for less than 3 years may be reinstated to full registration by the registration committee where the applicant delivers to the registrar:
- (a) a completed application form for reinstatement to provide:
 - (i) personal information required for verifying identity and for maintenance of the register,
 - (ii) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee of successful completion of the requirements set out in Schedule “M” in the last 3 years if application for reinstatement is not received within 3 months from expiry date of the applicant’s last full registration,
 - (iii) information regarding any criminal conviction or offence committed, past conduct involving the applicant’s incompetence or untrustworthiness, previous limits, restrictions, or conditions on the applicant’s practice that relate to the applicant’s competence or fitness to practise in a regulated profession that the applicant was or is registered in,
 - (iv) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee to support the information provided in the declaration under subsection (iii),
 - (v) proof of current certification in standard first aid and Level C cardiopulmonary resuscitation or equivalent certification satisfactory to the registration committee,
 - (vi) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the applicant is a person of good character consistent with the responsibilities and standards expected of a registrant,
 - (vii) evidence of compliance with the requirements of the *Criminal Records Review Act*,
 - (viii) evidence that the applicant will meet the applicable requirements in section 60.2,
 - (ix) proof that the applicant is a Canadian citizen, a permanent resident of Canada, or is otherwise authorized to work in Canada, and

- (x) a declaration that all information and statements submitted by the applicant are true, complete, and correct,
 - (b) the fees set out in Schedule “F”, and
 - (c) payment of any outstanding fee, debt or levy owed to the college,
 - (d) all other relevant information or records about the applicant that relates to the applicant’s competence, fitness to practice or good character, and
 - (e) any other information or records that the registration committee or registrar requires the applicant to submit in support of their application for registration.
- (2) The registration committee may, in its discretion, waive the requirement for successful completion of the requirements under subsection (a)(ii) where it is satisfied that the applicant’s practice knowledge and clinical practice skills are satisfactory and reinstatement would not pose a risk to public health or safety.
- (3) A former full registrant or a non-practising registrant whose registration is not suspended or cancelled under Part 3 of the Act and who has been out of practice for 3 years or more may be granted limited registration by the registration committee where the applicant delivers to the registrar:
- (a) a completed application form for reinstatement to provide:
 - (i) personal information required for verifying identity and for maintenance of the register,
 - (ii) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee of successful completion of the requirements set out in Schedule “M” in the last 3 years,
 - (iii) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee of successful completion of an assessment of the applicant’s clinical skills,
 - (iv) information regarding any criminal conviction or offence committed, past conduct involving the applicant’s incompetence or untrustworthiness, previous limits, restrictions, or conditions on the applicant’s practice that relate to the applicant’s competence or fitness to practise in a regulated profession that the applicant was or is registered in,
 - (v) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee to support the information provided in the declaration under subsection (iv),
 - (vi) proof of current certification in standard first aid and Level C cardiopulmonary resuscitation or equivalent certification satisfactory to the registration committee,
 - (vii) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee that the applicant is a person of good character consistent with the responsibilities and standards expected of a registrant,
 - (viii) evidence of compliance with the requirements of the *Criminal Records Review Act*,
 - (ix) evidence that the applicant will meet the applicable requirements in section 60.2,

- (x) proof that the applicant is a Canadian citizen, a permanent resident of Canada, or is otherwise authorized to work in Canada,
 - (xi) a declaration that all information and statements submitted by the applicants are true, complete, and correct,
- (b) the fees set out in Schedule “F”,
 - (c) payment of any outstanding fee, debt or levy owed to the college,
 - (d) all other relevant information or records about the applicant that relates to the applicant’s competence, fitness to practice or good character, and
 - (e) any other information or records that the registration committee or registrar requires the applicant to submit in support of their application for registration.
- (4) The registration committee may, in its discretion, waive the requirement for successful completion of the examinations or assessment of clinical skills under subsections (3)(a)(ii) or (iii) where it is satisfied that the applicant’s practice knowledge and clinical practice skills are satisfactory and reinstatement will not pose a risk to public health or safety.
 - (5) The registration committee may reinstate a limited registrant to full registration after the applicant successfully completes the requirements set by the registration committee including the successful completion of any conditions on that practice and delivers to the registrar the fees set out in Schedule “F”.

Reinstatement for a former registrant who was a disciplined person

- 58.1. (1) In this section, “disciplined person” means a former registrant whose registration was cancelled under Part 3 of the Act.
- (2) Subject to sections 20 and 39 of the Act, a disciplined person may be reinstated by the registration committee if the person:
 - (a) is not in contravention of an order under sections 36, 37.1, 39 or 39.1 of the Act, and
 - (b) meets the requirements set out in section 58.
 - (3) A disciplined person whose previous registration has been cancelled or suspended for 3 or more years must also meet the requirements set out in section 58(3).

Reinstatement following non-payment of fees

59. Repealed and included in section 58.

Registrant’s responsibility to update information in register

60. (1) A registrant must update the information provided to the college, including but not limited to:
- (a) change of physical home address, telephone number and email address,
 - (b) change of physical address, telephone number, email address and website address of each place at which the registrant practices,
 - (c) change of any other registration information previously provided to the college.
- (2) A registrant must notify the registrar of any change to the information provided under subsection (1) not later than 14 calendar days after the change occurred.
- (3) A registrant must notify the college immediately:
- (a) after a conviction for an indictable offence,
 - (b) after changes with registration in an applicable or licensing authority in another jurisdiction or in other professions resulting the registration not continued to be in good standing.

Confirmation of registration

- 60.1. (1) The registrar must provide written confirmation of registration to any person who is granted registration and specify any restrictions, conditions or limits on the registration.
- (2) Registration is valid until the expiry date specified on the written confirmation of registration.

Professional liability insurance

- 60.2. (1) Each full, limited, and temporary registrant must obtain and at all times maintain professional liability insurance coverage of at least \$1,000,000 per claim or per occurrence in a form satisfactory to the registration committee.
- (2) For a period of at least 5 years after the grant of non-practising registration, each non-practising registrant who did not have occurrence-based professional liability insurance coverage immediately prior to the time at which non-practising registration was granted must maintain professional liability insurance coverage in the amount per claim and in the form specified in subsection (1) against liability arising from their practice while the non-practising registrant was a practising registrant.
- (3) Each full registrant, limited registrant, temporary registrant, and non-practising registrant must provide written proof of professional liability insurance to the registrar on request.

Examinations

- 60.3. (1) An applicant for an examination specified in Schedule “L” must deliver to the registrar:
- (a) a completed application form to provide:

- (i) personal information required for verifying identity and for maintenance of the register,
 - (ii) proof of graduation from a traditional Chinese medicine education program recognized by the board for the purposes of registration and specified in Schedule “H”,
 - (iii) evidence satisfactory to the registration committee of successful completion of not less than 2 years of liberal arts or sciences study (comprised of at least 60 credits) in an accredited college or chartered/approved university acceptable to the registration committee,
 - (iv) a declaration that all information and statements submitted by the applicant are true, complete, and correct, and
- (b) accompanied by the fees set out in Schedule “F” or set out by the organization administrating the examination.
- (2) If an applicant graduated from a traditional Chinese medicine education program in subsection 1(a)(ii) for more than 3 but fewer than 5 years prior to the date of the application, the applicant must first successfully complete a 50-hour refresher course or program of study in traditional Chinese medicine approved in advance by the registration committee to take the examination.
- (3) If an applicant graduated from a traditional Chinese medicine education program in subsection 1(a)(ii) more than 5 years prior to the date of application, the applicant must first successfully complete a 100-hour refresher course or program of study in traditional Chinese medicine approved in advance by the registration committee to take the examination.
- (4) Despite subsections (1)(a)(ii) and (a)(iii), (2), and (3), the registration committee may consider whether the applicant’s knowledge, skills, and abilities are substantially equivalent to the standards of academic or technical achievement and the competencies or other qualifications set out in subsections (1)(a)(ii) and (a)(iii), and are current, and may permit the applicant to undertake the requested examination by meeting the requirement in subsection 1(b).

Examinations in Schedules “L” and “M”

- 60.4 (1) An applicant must pass each component of a registration examination and hold valid examination result before attempting the next component of that registration examination according to the registration examination policy set by the organization administrating the examination.
- (2) An applicant for the Dr. TCM registration examination must hold registration as an R.TCM.P with the college to take the examination.
- (3) An applicant is considered to have passed a registration examination when the score meets or exceeds the passing level set by the organization administering the examination.
- (4) An applicant who fails a component of a registration examination or an examination once is not eligible to retake that component or that examination for the 2nd attempt until the applicant first completes a 50-hour refresher course or program of study in traditional Chinese medicine approved in advance by the registration committee,

- (5) An applicant who fails a component of a registration examination or an examination twice is not eligible to retake that component or that examination for the 3rd attempt until the applicant first completes further education and training directed by the registration committee.
- (6) An applicant who fails a component of a registration examination or an examination 3 times is not eligible to attempt the same registration examination again.
- (7) An applicant must complete the subsequent attempt(s) of a registration examination within:
 - (a) 1 year of completing the further education and training directed by the registration committee specified under subsections (4) and (5) for the Acupuncture, Herbology, or TCM Practitioner registration examination, or,
 - (b) 2 years of completing the further education and training directed by the registration committee specified under subsection (4) and (5) for the Dr. TCM registration examination.
- (8) A valid examination result for a component of an examination which has independent or separate score, or for an examination which has one single composite score, expire after 3 years. An examination in Schedule “L” or “M” with an expired result does not meet the requirements set in these bylaws.

PART V: INSPECTIONS, INQUIRIES AND DISCIPLINE

Inspections

61. (1) An inspector must not observe a registrant while the registrant is providing a service to a patient except where
- (a) the consent of the patient being treated has been obtained in advance, or
 - (b) the service is being provided in a public setting.

Complaints

62. The registrar shall make every reasonable effort to facilitate receipt in writing of a complaint if delivery in writing by the complainant is not practical due to special circumstances.

Investigations by inquiry committee

63. (1) The inquiry committee must notify a registrant who is the subject of an investigation and any complainant of the disposition of the investigation and any action taken under section 33(4) of the *Act*.
- (2) Before agreeing to accept an undertaking or consent under section 36 of the *Act*, the inquiry committee may review all previous complaints and disciplinary matters involving the registrant to be satisfied that the proposed undertaking or consent is appropriate in the circumstances.

Consent orders

64. (1) In this section

“consent order” means the record of an undertaking or a consent given under section 36 of the *Act* for the purposes of resolving a complaint.

- (2) A consent order must
- (a) include any consent to a reprimand or to any other action made by the registrant under section 35 of the *Act*,
 - (b) include any undertaking made by the registrant under section 35 of the *Act*,
 - (c) specify the length of time that an undertaking specified in paragraph (b) is binding on the registrant,
 - (d) specify the procedure that the registrant may follow to be released from an undertaking specified in paragraph (b), and
 - (e) specify which terms of the consent order may be disclosed to the public.

Mediation

65. (1) The inquiry committee may recommend under section 33 (6)(b) of the *Act* that a complaint be mediated where
- (a) the inquiry committee determines that mediation may be appropriate, and
 - (b) the complainant and the registrant agree to mediation.
- (2) Following a recommendation under subsection (1), the inquiry committee must appoint a mediator who is acceptable to the complainant and the registrant.
- (3) Where an agreement between the complainant and the registrant is reached through mediation, the terms of the agreement must be approved by the inquiry committee.
- (4) Where an agreement is not reached through mediation, the mediator must refer the matter back to the inquiry committee.

Citation for disciplinary hearing

66. (1) On the direction of the Inquiry Committee or board, the registrar may join one or more complaints or other matters which are to be the subject of a discipline hearing in one citation as appropriate in the circumstances.
- (2) On the direction of the Inquiry Committee or board, the registrar may sever one or more complaints or other matters which are to be the subject of a discipline hearing as appropriate in the circumstances.
- (3) On the direction of the Inquiry Committee or board, the registrar may amend a citation issued under section 36 of the *Act*.
- (4) Where a citation is amended under subsection (3) prior to a discipline hearing, the amended citation must be delivered to the respondent by personal service or sent by regular mail to the respondent at the last known address for the person recorded in section 20(2) of the *Act* not fewer than 14 days before the date of the hearing.
- (5) Where a citation is amended under subsection (3) prior to a discipline hearing, and the amended citation changes the date, time or place of the hearing, the registrar must notify any complainant of the amendment not fewer than 14 days before the date of the hearing.

Hearings of discipline committee

- 66.1 (1) No person may sit on the discipline committee while he or she is a member of the inquiry committee.
- (2) No member of the discipline committee may sit on the panel hearing a matter in which he or she

- (a) was involved as a member of the inquiry committee or
 - (b) has had any prior involvement in the matter under review.
- (4) Information about the date, time and subject matter of the hearing must be provided to any person on request.
 - (5) The Discipline Committee must provide notice by registered mail or by personal service to a person who is required to attend a hearing under section 38(6) of the *Act* in the form set out in Schedule “G”.
 - (6) All discipline hearings shall be recorded and any person may obtain, at his or her expense, a transcript of any part of the hearing, which he or she was entitled to attend.
 - (7) In determining the penalty to be imposed on a registrant under section 39(1) of the *Act* the Discipline Committee must, after making a determination on the facts, consider a previous relevant disciplinary decision regarding the registrant or an undertaking or consent to a reprimand given by the registrant under section 36(1) of the *Act*.

Notice of disciplinary decision

67. (1) At the conclusion of a disciplinary proceeding, where there was a finding of fault, the board must, within a reasonable time, advise every registrant of
- (a) the name of the respondents,
 - (b) the facts of the case,
 - (c) the reasons for the decision, and
 - (d) the disposition of the case, including the nature of any limitation or suspension, and the date it is in effect.
- (2) Where disciplinary proceedings result in the limitation, suspension or termination of a registrant’s practice, the registrar must notify
- (a) the college or associations responsible for the regulation of the profession of acupuncture or traditional Chinese herbology or traditional Chinese medicine in every Canadian jurisdiction
 - (b) the registrant’s employer(s)
 - (c) on request, any other college or association in a jurisdiction inside or outside Canada, and
 - (d) any other person as directed by board policy or required by law.

Retention of disciplinary committee and inquiry committee records

68. Records of the inquiry committee must be retained for not less than 6 years following the conclusion of an investigation and records of the discipline committee must be retained for not less than 6 years following the date a decision is rendered.

Registrant under suspension

69. A registrant while under suspension must not practice the profession of acupuncture or traditional Chinese herbology or traditional Chinese medicine and must not hold him or herself out as entitled to practise during that time.

Fines

70. The maximum amount of a fine that may be ordered by the discipline committee under section 39 of the *Act* is \$ 35,000.00.

PART VI: REGISTRANT RECORDS FOR SELF-EMPLOYED REGISTRANTS

Definitions

71. For the purposes of Part 6 of these bylaws,

“Patient representative” means

- (a) a “committee of the patient” under the *Patient’s Property Act*,
- (b) the parent or guardian of a patient who is under 19 years of age,
- (c) after the *Representation Agreement Act* comes into force, a representative authorized by a representation agreement registered under the *Representation Agreement Act* to make or help in making decisions on behalf of a patient,
- (d) after the *Representation Agreement Act* comes into force, a monitor named in a representation agreement registered under the *Representation Agreement Act* to ensure that the representative fulfills the duties described in section 16 of that Act,
- (e) after the *Adult Guardianship Act* comes into force, a decision maker or guardian appointed under section 10 of the *Adult Guardianship Act*, and
- (f) after the *Health Care (Consent) and Care Facility (Admission) Act* comes into force, a temporary substitute decision maker chosen under section 16 of the *Health Care (Consent) and Care Facility (Admission) Act*.

Purpose for which personal information may be collected

72. (1) No registrant may collect personal information regarding a patient unless
- (a) the information relates directly to and is necessary for providing health care services to the patient or for related administrative purposes, or
 - (b) the collection of that information is expressly authorized by or under an enactment.

Source of personal information

73. (1) A registrant must collect personal information about a patient directly from the patient.
- (2) Despite subsection (1), a registrant may collect personal information from another person if the registrant has reasonable grounds to believe
- (a) that the patient has been made aware of the matters set out in section 74(1) and has authorized collection of the personal information from another person,
 - (b) that the patient is unable to give his or her authority and the registrant, having made the patient’s representative aware of the matters set out in section 74(1), collects the

information from the representative or the representative authorizes collection from another person,

- (c) that compliance with subsection (1) would
 - (i) prejudice the best interests of the patient,
 - (ii) defeat the purpose or prejudice the use for which the information is collected, or
 - (iii) prejudice the safety of any person,
- (d) that compliance with subsection (1) is not reasonably practicable in the circumstances of the particular case,
- (e) that the collection is for the purpose of assembling a family or genetic history of a person and is collected directly from that person,
- (f) that the information is publicly available information,
- (g) that the information
 - (i) will not be used in a form in which the patient concerned is identified, or
 - (ii) will be used for statistical or research purposes and will not be published in a form that could reasonably be expected to identify the patient, or
- (h) that non-compliance with subsection 1 is necessary where the information is about law enforcement or anything referred to in sections 15(1) or (2) of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.

Collection of personal information

74. (1) Where a registrant collects personal information directly from the patient, or from the patient's representative, the registrant must take such steps as are, in the circumstances, reasonable to ensure that the patient or patient's representative is aware of
- (a) the fact that the personal information is being collected,
 - (b) the purpose for which the personal information is being collected,
 - (c) the intended recipients of the personal information,
 - (d) whether or not the supply of the personal information is voluntary or mandatory and, if mandatory, the legal authority for collecting the personal information,
 - (e) the consequences, if any, for that patient if all or any part of the requested personal information is not provided,
 - (f) the rights of access to personal information provided in section 89.
- (2) The steps referred to in subsection (1) must be taken before the personal information is

collected or, if that is not practicable, as soon as practicable after the personal information is collected.

- (3) A registrant is not required to take the steps referred to in subsection (1) in relation to the collection of personal information from a patient, or the patient's representative, if the registrant has taken those steps in relation to the collection, from the patient or patient's representative, of the same information or information of the same kind for the same or a related purpose, on a recent previous occasion.
- (4) Despite subsection (1); a registrant is not required to comply with subsection (1) if the registrant believes on reasonable grounds
 - (a) that non-compliance is authorized by the patient concerned,
 - (b) that compliance would
 - (i) prejudice the interest of the patient concerned, or
 - (ii) defeat the purpose or prejudice the use for which the information is collected,
 - (c) that compliance is not reasonably practicable in the circumstances of the particular case, or
 - (d) that the information is about law enforcement or anything referred to in sections 15(1) or (2) of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.

Manner of collection of personal information

75. (1) A registrant must not collect personal information
 - (a) by unlawful means, or
 - (b) by means that, in the circumstances of the case,
 - (i) are unfair, or
 - (ii) intrude to an unreasonable extent upon the personal affairs of the patient concerned.

Confidentiality of personal information

76. A registrant must at all times protect and maintain the confidentiality of personal information collected under section 73, 74 and 75.

Accuracy of personal information

77. The registrant must make every reasonable effort to ensure that the information is current and is

legibly, accurately and completely recorded.

Right to request correction of personal information

78. (1) A person who believes there is an error or omission in a record containing his or her personal information may request that the registrant who has the record in his or her custody or control correct the information.
- (2) If after receiving a request for correction under subsection (1), the registrant disagrees that there is an error or omission in the record, the registrant must note the request in the record with particulars of the correction that was sought.

Use of personal information by a registrant

79. (1) A registrant may use personal information only
- (a) for the purpose of providing health care services to the patient or related administrative purpose,
 - (b) for a use or disclosure consistent with a purpose specified in paragraph (a),
 - (c) if the patient has consented to the use, or
 - (d) for a purpose for which that information may be disclosed by the registrant under sections 80 and 82.

Disclosure of personal information by a registrant

80. (1) A registrant must maintain confidentiality of personal information and may disclose relevant personal information only
- (a) if the patient concerned has consented to the disclosure,
 - (b) for the purpose of providing health care services to the patient or related administrative purpose or for a disclosure consistent with either purpose,
 - (c) for the purpose of complying with an enactment of, arrangement or agreement made under an enactment of British Columbia or Canada,
 - (d) for the purpose of complying with a subpoena, warrant or order issued or made by a court, person or body with jurisdiction to compel the production of information,
 - (e) to an employee of, or contractor providing services to, the registrant, if the information is necessary for the performance of the duties of, or for the protection of the health or safety of, the employee or contractor,
 - (f) to a lawyer acting for the registrant, for use in civil or criminal proceedings involving

the registrant,

- (g) where necessary to comply with the *Coroners Act*,
- (h) where necessary to comply with the *Ombudsman Act*,
- (i) for the purposes of
 - (i) collecting a debt or fine owing by a patient to the registrant, or
 - (ii) making a payment owing by the patient to a registrant,
- (j) to an auditor, the college or any other person or body authorized by law, for audit purposes,
- (k) where the registrant believes on reasonable grounds that there is a risk of significant harm to the health or safety of any person and that the use or disclosure of the information would reduce that risk,
- (l) so that the next of kin or a friend of an injured, ill or deceased individual may be contacted,
- (m) in accordance with sections 82 and 89, or
- (n) as otherwise required by law.

Definition of consistent purpose

81. A use or disclosure of personal information is consistent with the purposes of providing health care services to a patient or related administrative purposes under section 79 and 80 if the use or disclosure has a reasonable and direct connection to either purpose.

Disclosure for research and statistical purposes

82. (1) A registrant may disclose personal information for a research purpose, including statistical research, only if
- (a) the research purpose cannot reasonably be accomplished unless that information is provided in individually identifiable form or the research purpose has been approved by the board,
 - (b) any record linkage is not harmful to the individuals concerned and the benefits to be derived from the record linkage are clearly in the public interest,
 - (c) the head of the public body concerned has approved conditions relating to the following
 - (i) security and confidentiality,
 - (ii) the removal or destruction of individual identifiers at the earliest reasonable time, and

- (iii) the prohibition of any subsequent use or disclosure of that information in individually identifiable form without the express authorization of the board relating to the confidentiality of personal information.
- (d) The person to whom the information is disclosed has signed an agreement to comply with the approved conditions, these bylaws and any of the policies and procedures of the patient relations committee relating to the confidentiality of personal information.

Storage and retention of personal information

- 83. (1) A registrant must ensure that all records
 - (a) pertaining to his or her practice, and
 - (b) containing personal information are safely and securely stored.
- (2) Personal information must be retained for a period of at least 10 years.

Manner of disposal of records

- 84. (1) A registrant must ensure that records are disposed of only by
 - (a) transferring the record to another registrant or with the consent of the patient, to another health care agency or health care practitioner,
 - (b) effectively destroying a physical record by utilizing a shredder or by complete burning,
 - (c) erasing information recorded or stored by electronic methods on tapes, disks, or cassettes in a manner that ensures that the information cannot be reconstructed, or,
 - (d) transferring the record to the patient.

Registrant ceasing to practise

- 85. (1) A registrant who ceases to practise for any reason must dispose of personal information in accordance with this part, notify the college, and provide the college with a written summary of the steps he or she has taken to dispose of the personal information.
- (2) A registrant must make appropriate arrangements to ensure that, in the event that the registrant dies or becomes unable to practise for any reason and is unable to dispose of the personal information, the personal information will be safely and securely transferred to another registrant.
- (3) A registrant who receives personal information transferred in accordance with subsection (2) or section 84(a) must notify the patient concerned of the transfer.

Protection of personal information

86. (1) A registrant must protect personal information by making reasonable security arrangements against such risks as unauthorized access, collection, use, disclosure or disposal.
- (2) A registrant must take reasonable measures to ensure that a third party, including a volunteer, employee of or contractor of the registrant or a health professions corporation or a student practitioner under the supervision of the registrant, does not access, collect, use, disclose, store or dispose of personal information except in accordance with the requirements of this Part.

Contracts for handling personal information

87. A registrant must ensure that, where personal information is transferred to any person or service organization for processing, storage or disposal, a contract is made with that person or organization which includes an undertaking by the recipient that confidentiality and physical security will be maintained.

Remedying a breach of security

88. (1) A registrant must take appropriate measure to remedy any unauthorized access, use, disclosure or disposal of personal information under this part as soon as possible after the breach is discovered, including
- (a) taking steps to recover the personal information or to ensure its disposal if it cannot be recovered,
 - (b) taking steps to ensure that any remaining personal information is secured,
 - (c) notifying
 - (i) anyone affected by the unauthorized access including patients and other health care providers,
 - (ii) the college, and
 - (iii) law enforcement officials, where criminal action may have contributed to the unauthorized action, and
 - (d) modifying existing security arrangements to prevent a recurrence of the unauthorized access.

Patient access to personal information

89. (1) For the purpose of this section, “access to” means the opportunity to examine or make

copies of the original record.

- (2) If a patient or a patient representative makes a request for access to personal information about the patient, the registrant must comply as soon as practicable but not more than 45 days following the request by
 - (a) providing access to the patient or patient's representative,
 - (b) providing access to the remainder of the personal information where that information excepted from disclosure under subsection (3) can reasonably be severed, or
 - (c) providing written reasons for the refusal of access to the personal information or to any portion of the health records.
- 3) The registrant may refuse to disclose personal information to a patient or patient representative
 - (a) where there is significant likelihood of a substantial adverse effect on the physical, mental or emotional health of the patient,
 - (b) where there is a significant likelihood of harm to a third party, or
 - (c) if the disclosure could reasonably be expected to disclose personal information regarding another individual.
- (4) Where the registrant authorizes access and the patient or patient representative requests a copy of the personal information, a copy must be provided if it can reasonably be reproduced.
- (5) A registrant may charge a reasonable fee for the reproduction of personal information, which does not exceed the fee established in Schedule "D".
- (6) Subject to subsection (3), a patient under 19 years of age may have access to a record where, in the opinion of the registrant, the patient is capable of understanding the subject matter of the record.
- (7) Except where authorized by the patient, a registrant must not provide access to the records of a patient who is under 19 years of age to the guardian or parent of the patient where the subject matter of the record is health care which was provided without the consent of a parent or guardian in accordance with the applicable provisions of the *Infants Act*.

PART VII: GENERAL

Liability insurance

90. Repealed and moved to section 60.2.

Review of a fee charged to a patient

91. (1) A patient may request a review of a fee charged by a registrant by delivering a written application to the registrar enclosing a copy of the account.
- (2) The registrar must investigate the matter raised by the application.
- (3) The registrar must request the registrant to provide any information regarding the account which the registrar believes is relevant to the application.
- (4) The registrar must conduct a hearing within 45 days after the date on which the application for review was received by the registrar or within such further period of time as the registrar considers reasonable.
- (5) The registrar may conduct a hearing by reviewing the written submissions only or may require the parties to attend in person.
- (6) Where the fee under review is not in accordance with the range of fees customarily charged at the time the services were provided, the registrar must fix a reasonable fee.
- (7) The registrar must deliver written notice of the decision to the patient and registrant.
- (8) The registrant must repay forthwith any amount paid by the patient exceeding the fee fixed by the registrar.

Marketing

92. (1) In this part,

“advertisement” means the use of space or time in a public medium, or the use of a commercial publication such as a brochure or handbill, to communicate with the general public, or a segment thereof, for the purpose of promoting professional services or enhancing the image of the advertiser.

“marketing” includes

- (a) an advertisement,
- (b) any publication or communication in any medium with any patient, prospective patient or the public generally in the nature of an advertisement, promotional activity or material, a listing in a directory, a public appearance or any other means by which professional services are promoted, and
- (c) contact with a prospective patient initiated by or under the discretion of a registrant.

- (2) Any marketing undertaken or authorized by a registrant in respect of their professional services must not be:
 - (a) false,
 - (b) inaccurate,
 - (c) reasonably expected to mislead the public,
 - (d) unverifiable, or
 - (e) contrary to the public interest in the practice of the profession.
- (3) Marketing violates subsection (2) if it:
 - (a) is calculated or likely to take advantage of a weakened state, either physical, mental or emotional, of the recipient or intended recipient,
 - (b) is likely to create in the mind of the recipient or intended recipient an unjustified expectation about the results which the registrant can achieve,
 - (c) implies that the registrant can obtain results
 - (i) not achievable by other registrants,
 - (ii) by improperly influencing a public body or official, or any corporation, agency or person having any interest in the welfare of the recipient, by any other improper means,
 - (iii) by any other improper means, or
 - (d) compares the quality of services provided with those provided by
 - (i) another registrant,
 - (ii) a person authorized to provide healthcare services under another enactment, or
 - (iii) another health profession.
- (4) A registrant must not
 - (a) state publicly that they speak on behalf of the college unless the registrant has been expressly authorized by the board to state the official position of the college, or
 - (b) endorse or lend themselves as an acupuncturist to the advertisement of any product or service for sale to the public unless such product or service relates directly to the profession.
- (5) A registrant who, in any advertisement, includes a statement of fees for a specific service:

- (a) must ensure that the statement sufficiently describes the fees and services so as to enable the recipient or intended recipient to understand the nature and extent of the services to be provided and the cost to the patient, and
 - (b) must not in the advertisement compare the fees charged by the registrant with those charged by another registrant.
- (6) Unless otherwise authorized by the Act, the regulations, these bylaws, or the board, a registrant:
- (a) must not use the title “specialist” or any similar designation suggesting a recognized special status or accreditation on any letterhead or business card or in any other marketing, and
 - (b) must take all reasonable steps to discourage the use, in relation to the registrant by another person, of the title “specialist” or any similar designation suggesting a recognized special status or accreditation in any marketing.
- (7) A registrant must retain for 1 year after the date of publication or broadcast of any advertisement or brochure, and must provide to the board upon request:
- (a) a copy of such publication,
 - (b) a recording of any such broadcast made by use of any electronic media, including radio, television and microwave transmission, and
 - (c) a written record of when and where the publication or broadcast was made.
- (8) It is the duty of the registrant, when called upon by the discipline committee, inquiry committee, or the board to do so, to verify the statements made in their marketing or advertising materials.
- (9) Registrants who limit their practices to certain branches or areas of the profession may state in any marketing the branch or area to which the practice is restricted.

Schedule A

Code of Ethics for Registrants

The Code of Ethics for Registrants sets out guidelines for ethical acupuncture, traditional Chinese medicine herbology and traditional Chinese medicine practice. The Code is based on a set of core values, which registrants must uphold in their relationships with their clients, members of their own profession, other health care providers, and the public.

Registrants are professionals who act in a manner that enhances the reputation of, and inspires public confidence in the profession. They have a responsibility to follow this code of ethics, and to keep informed about the laws and developments in professional standards that affect ethical health care practice.

- 1) Health and well-being
 - a) Responsibility to clients
 - i) Registrants hold the health and well-being of their clients as a primary responsibility.
 - ii) Registrants provide care within their scope of practice to assist their clients to achieve their optimum level of health at all stages in life.
 - iii) Registrants seek additional information or knowledge and refer the client to another health care provider in accordance with the requirements of the regulation, or when aspects of the care required are beyond their level of competence.
 - b) Responsibility to the public
 - i) Registrants address institutional, social and political factors influencing health and health care in ways that are consistent with their professional role and responsibilities.
 - ii) Registrants provide the best care circumstances permit even when the need arises in an emergency.
 - iii) Registrants participate, to the best of their abilities in research and other activities that contribute to the ongoing development of acupuncture and traditional Chinese medicine knowledge. Registrants participating in research observe College sanctioned guidelines for ethical research.
 - c) Responsibility to other health care providers
 - i) Registrants respect and value the knowledge and skills of other health care providers

and cooperate with others so that maximum health benefits to their clients can be realized.

2) Choice

a) Responsibility to clients

- i) Registrants fully inform their clients about the effects and risks of treatment, and of the scope and limitations they are entitled to practise.
- ii) Registrants ensure that care is authorized by informed consent and practice within relevant law governing consent and choice.
- iii) Registrants find out their clients' health needs and values, and help them to obtain appropriate information about their care and the services available to them.
- iv) Registrants involve clients in health planning and health care decision making, in order to promote their clients self determination and ability to act on their own behalf in meeting their health care needs.

b) Responsibility to clients of diminished capacity

- i) Registrants involve clients of diminished competence in decision-making to the extent that those clients are capable.
- ii) Registrants seek to obtain consent for care from a substitute decision-maker when clients lack the capacity to make decisions about their care, did not make their wishes known prior to becoming incompetent, or for any reason it is unclear what the client would have wanted in a particular circumstance. When prior wishes of an incompetent client are not known or are unclear, care decisions must be in the best interest of the client and based on what the client would want, as far as is known.

3) Respect

a) Responsibility to the client

- i) Registrants are sensitive to, and respectful of the client's individual needs, values, dignity, and choices.
- ii) Registrants do not exploit clients' vulnerabilities for their own interests or gain, whether sexual, emotional, social, political, financial, or any other way.
- iii) Registrants respect the privacy of clients when care is given.

- iv) Registrants protect the client's confidentiality, and the confidentiality of their health care information.
- b) Responsibility to the public and members of the profession
 - i) Registrants act in a manner that is respectful of other Registrants as well as the practice of acupuncture and traditional Chinese herbology and traditional Chinese medicine.
- 4) Fairness
 - a) Registrants apply and promote principles of equity and fairness to assist clients in receiving unbiased treatment and a share of health services and resources proportionate to their needs.
- 5) Accountability
 - a) Responsibility to the client
 - i) Registrants practise only while their ability to do so is unimpaired.
 - ii) Registrants do not compromise care for reasons of personal or institutional expedience.
 - iii) Registrants strive to ensure that their clients receive and understand complete and accurate information about their treatment.
 - iv) Registrants take preventive as well as corrective action to protect clients from unsafe, incompetent or unethical care.
 - v) Registrants whether they are engaged in clinical, administrative, research, or educational endeavors have professional responsibilities and accountabilities toward safeguarding the quality of care their clients receive.
 - b) Responsibility to the profession
 - i) Registrants acquire new skills and knowledge in their area of practice on a continuing basis, as necessary for the provision of safe, competent and ethical care
 - c) Responsibility to other health care providers
 - i) Registrants refer only to other health service providers whom they do not suspect of unethical conduct or incompetent or unsafe care.
 - d) Responsibility to the public

- i) Registrants represent their qualifications honestly, clearly and in a way that is not misleading to the public, other professionals and to their clients.
 - ii) Registrants provide information to the public about acupuncture and traditional Chinese herbology and traditional Chinese medicine that is fair, accurate, and objective.
- 6) Practice environments conducive to safe, competent and ethical care
- a) Responsibilities to the client and members of the health care team:
 - i) Registrants establish and promote health care environments that are conducive to safe, competent, ethical practice and to the health and well being of clients and others in the setting.
 - ii) Registrants share their knowledge with any members of a health team with whom they should work, for the benefit of clients.
 - b) Responsibilities to other Registrants;
 - i) Registrants provide responsible and respectful mentoring and guidance for the professional development of students of acupuncture and traditional Chinese herbology and traditional Chinese medicine and other Registrants.
 - c) Responsibilities to persons under supervision;
 - i) Registrants assume full responsibility for all the care they provide or delegate to persons under their supervision.

Schedule B

Standards of Practice for Registrants

1) Specialized body of knowledge

Bases practice on traditional Chinese medicine theory and on content from other related health sciences.

- 1.1 Knows how and where to find needed information.
- 1.2 Justifies decisions with reference to knowledge and theory.
- 1.3 Presents an informed view of acupuncture, traditional Chinese herbology and traditional Chinese medicine to others.

2) Competent application of knowledge

Identifies client's actual or potential diagnoses, differentiates syndromes, plans interventions, performs planned interventions and evaluates client outcomes

- 2.1 Uses skills of observation, olfaction, inquiry, palpation and physical assessment to gather information about client status.
- 2.2 Distinguishes between relevant and irrelevant information when determining client diagnoses and differentiating syndromes, referring to other health care practitioners, or evaluating response to treatment.
- 2.3 States client diagnoses and potential health problems in practice setting terminology, using verifiable information.
- 2.4 Plans care based on assessment findings, diagnoses, differentiation of syndromes, cause and extent of disturbance.
- 2.5 Sets priorities when planning and giving care.
- 2.6 Performs planned interventions in accordance with the body of TCM theory, policies, procedures, and these practice standards.
- 2.7 Evaluates client response to interventions and revises the interventions as necessary.
- 2.8 Documents timely and accurate reports of relevant observations, including conclusions drawn from them.
- 2.9 Initiates, maintains and concludes a professional relationship.

2.10 Identifies the difference between therapeutic communication skills and social interaction behaviours and uses each appropriately.

3) Responsibility and Accountability

Maintains standards of acupuncture and traditional Chinese herbology and traditional Chinese medicine practice and professional behaviour determined by the College of Registrants of B.C. Regulations and Bylaws, the Health Professions Act, and the practice setting

3.1 At all times is accountable and takes responsibility for own actions.

3.2 Functions in accordance with relevant legislation and standards of practice of licensed Registrants.

3.3 Follows, develops and changes relevant facility, agency or department policies and standards.

3.4 Advocates improvements in clinical acupuncture, traditional Chinese herbology and traditional Chinese medicine practice and health care.

3.5 Delegates to students or non-registrants only those tasks that are appropriate commensurate with their skills, knowledge and abilities.

4) Provision of Service to the Public

Provides health care services and refers clients to health care professionals in providing acupuncture and traditional Chinese herbology and traditional Chinese medicine services

4.1 Communicates with and refers to other health care professionals about the client's care.

4.2 Exercises appropriate judgment in performing treatments.

4.3 Directs and/or participates in quality improvement initiatives.

4.4 Explains services to clients and others.

5) Code of Ethics

Adheres to the Code of Ethics of the College of Registrants of British Columbia

5.1 Promotes a client's right to autonomy, respect, privacy, confidentiality, dignity and access to information.

5.2 Assumes responsibility for ensuring that relationships with clients are therapeutic and

professional.

5.3 Ensures that practice is congruent with the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms.

5.4 Demonstrates honesty, integrity and respect for their clients, members of their own profession, other health care providers, and the public.

5.5 Reports unsafe practice or professional misconduct to appropriate authority.

6) Self-Regulation

Assumes primary responsibility for maintaining competence, fitness to practice, and acquiring evidence-based knowledge and skills for professional practice

6.1 Invests time, effort, and other resources in maintaining evidence-based knowledge and skills for practice.

6.2 Practices within own level of competence.

6.3 Maintains current licensure.

6.4 Maintains own physical, mental and emotional well-being.

Schedule C

Registrant Representation Districts



- 1- Lower Mainland (Vancouver, Burnaby, North Shore including West Vancouver and Squamish, Richmond, Surrey, Coquitlam and Port Coquitlam, Fraser Valley all the way to Hope).**
- 2- The rest of British Columbia outside of the Lower Mainland**

Schedule D

Maximum fees for information requests (Part III)

<p>1. For applicants other than commercial applicants:</p> <p>(a) for locating and retrieving a record (b) for producing a record manually (c) for producing a record from a machine readable record</p> <p>(d) for preparing a record for disclosure and handling a record (e) for shipping copies</p> <p>(f) for copying records</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">i) photocopies and computer printouts</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">ii) floppy disks iii) computer tapes (iv) microfiche (v) 16 mm microfilm duplication (vi) 35 mm microfilm duplication (vii) microfilm to paper duplication (viii) photographs (colour or black and white)</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(ix) photographic print of textual, graphic or cartographic record (8" x 10" black and white) (x) hard copy laser print, B/W, 300 dots/inch (xi) hard copy laser print, B/W, 1200 dots/inch (xii) hard copy laser print, colour (xiii) photomechanical reproduction of 105 mm cartographic record/plan (xiv) slide duplication (xv) plans (xvi) audio cassette duplication (xvii) video cassette (1/4" or 8 mm) duplication</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(xviii) video cassette (1/2") duplication recording, and (xix) video cassette (3/4") duplication recording.</p> <p>2. For commercial applicants for each service listed in item 1</p>	<p>\$7.50 per ¼ hour after the first 3 hours, \$7.50 per ¼ hour, \$16.50 per minute for cost of use of central mainframe processor and all locally attached devices plus \$7.50 per ¼ hours for developing a computer program to produce the record, \$7.50 per ¼ hour, actual costs of shipping method chosen by applicant,</p> <p>\$.25 per page (8.5" x 11" , 8.5" X 4") \$.30per page (11" x 17"), \$10.00 per disk, \$40.00 per tape, up to 2400 feet, \$10.00 per fiche, \$25.00 per roll, \$40.00 per roll, \$.50 per page, \$5.00 to produce a negative \$12.00 each for 16" x 20" \$9.00 each for 11" x 14" \$4.00 each for 8" x 10" \$3.00 each for 5" x 7" ,</p> <p>\$12.50 each, \$.25 each, \$.40 each, \$1.65 each,</p> <p>\$3.00 each, \$.95 each, \$1.00 per square metre, \$10.00 plus \$7.00 per ¼ hour of recording, \$11.00 per 60 minute cassette plus \$7.00 per ¼ hour of recording; \$20.00 per 120 minute cassette plus \$7 per ¼ hour of recording, \$15.00 per cassette plus \$11.00 per ¼ hour of \$40.00 per cassette plus \$11.00 per ¼ hour of</p> <p>the actual cost of providing that service.</p>
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Schedule E

Recognition Requirements for Education Programs

Private non-degree-granting institutions in British Columbia must be accredited by the Private Training Institutions Branch (“PTIB”) or have a designation certificate issued under the *Private Training Act*.

Public institutions in British Columbia must have approval or designation to grant credentials under the *University Act* or the *College and Institute Act*. Degree granting education programs must be approved by the provincial government’s Degree Quality Assessment Board (“DQAB”), as meeting the statutory requirements under the *Degree Authorization Act*.

In addition, educational programs in British Columbia and elsewhere in Canada and international education programs must meet the following standards.

“EOCPIA Blueprint” means the Entry-Level Occupational Competencies, Performance Indicators and Assessment Blueprint for the Practice of TCM in Canada when referring to the Acupuncturist Programs, the Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist Programs, and the Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner Programs. “EOCPIA Blueprint” means the Entry-Level Occupational Competencies, Performance Indicators, and Assessment Blueprint for the Doctor of TCM when referring to the Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine Programs. The “EOCPIA Blueprint” is approved by the Board from time to time and published on the College’s website.

Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCM) and Acupuncture education programs are evaluated by CTCMA based on program length, structure and learning outcomes, and student clinical activity. The expectations are as follows:

I. Program Length

The length of the program must meet or exceed the minimum requirements set out in this schedule.

II. Structure and Learning Outcomes

The program’s curriculum content and structure must be such that student learning outcomes are consistent with the indicators in the EOCPIA Blueprints.

III. Student Clinical Activity

The program’s student clinic and the program’s clinical instruction must meet the requirements established by CTCMA to ensure the safe, effective and ethical treatment of the public.

Institutions are required to directly supervise all clinical instruction of the training program, whether such instruction occurs in clinics owned and operated by the institutions themselves or in independent clinics engaged to provide clinical instruction for the training program. For the initial 200 hours of supervised practice, the supervisor shall be physically present at all times during the diagnosis and treatment of the patient. For the remaining hours, the supervisor may be in close proximity to the location at which the patient is being treated.

Minimum requirements

Definitions

“Academic year” means 8 months, or 2 semesters, or 3 quarters, or 2 trimesters of study.

“Clinical Instruction” includes:

- Practice observation: supervised observation of clinical practice;
- Diagnosis and evaluation: the application of TCM diagnostic procedures in evaluating patients;
- Supervised practice: the clinical treatment of patients.

A. Acupuncturist Programs

Acupuncturist programs shall consist of a minimum of 1,900 hours of study over 3 academic years, including a minimum of 450 hours of clinical instruction of which at least 225 hours must be in supervised practice.

Acupuncturist programs shall provide for the learning outcomes identified as “Common” and “Acupuncture” in the EOCPIA Blueprint for TCM Practitioners and Acupuncturists and include a minimum of 450 hours of clinical instruction in acupuncture that provides for learning outcomes consistent with the indicators identified as “Clinical” for the Assessment Requirements in Education Program in the EOCPIA Blueprint for TCM Practitioners and Acupuncturists.

B. Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist Programs

Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist programs shall consist of a minimum of 1,900 hours of study over 3 academic years, including a minimum of 450 hours of clinical instruction of which at least 225 hours must be in supervised practice.

Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist programs shall provide for the learning outcomes identified as “Common” and “Herbology” in the EOCPIA Blueprint for TCM Practitioners and Acupuncturists and include a minimum of 450 hours of clinical instruction in herbology that provides for learning outcomes consistent with the indicators identified as “Clinical” for the Assessment Requirements in Education Program in the EOCPIA Blueprint for TCM Practitioners and Acupuncturists.

C. Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner Programs

Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner programs shall consist of a minimum of 2,600 hours of study over 4 academic years, including a minimum of 650 hours of clinical instruction of which at least 425 hours must be in supervised practice.

Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner programs shall provide for the learning outcomes identified as “Common”, “Acupuncture” and “Herbology” in the EOCPIA Blueprint for TCM Practitioners and Acupuncturists and include a minimum of 650 hours of clinical instruction in acupuncture and herbology that provides for learning outcomes consistent with the indicators identified as “Clinical” for the Assessment Requirements in Education Program in the EOCPIA Blueprint for TCM Practitioners and Acupuncturists.

D. Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine Programs

Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine programs shall consist of a minimum of 3,250 hours of study over 5 academic years, including a minimum of 1,050 hours of clinical instruction of which at least 825 hours must be in supervised practice.

Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine programs shall provide for the learning outcomes listed in the EOCPIA Blueprint for the Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine and include a minimum of 1,050 hours of clinical instruction that provides for learning outcomes consistent with the indicators identified as “Clinical” for the Assessment Requirements in Education Program in the EOCPIA Blueprint for the Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine.

Schedule F:**Fees for Examinations and Registration (Subject To Change)****1. Registration Examination Fees:**

Application Fee for Doctor of TCM, Acupuncturists, TCM Herbalists, or TCM Practitioners Examinations (One application fee when applying for more than 1 type of exam in the same administration.)	\$300.00
Examination Fee for Dr. TCM Examination (Written & Clinical)	\$800.00 (Written) \$800.00 (Clinical)
Administrative Fee for Changing Examinations After Approval	\$100.00

2. Registration Application Fees:

Application for Full Registration Class (Bylaw 48)	\$100.00
Application for Full Registration Class Through Reciprocity (Bylaw 48.3)	\$200.00
Application for Student Registration Class (Bylaw 51)	\$30.00
Application for Non-Practising Class (Bylaw 52)	\$100.00
Application for Temporary (90-Day) Registration Class (Bylaw 53)	\$200.00
Application for Registration Reinstatement under Section 58(1)	\$300.00
Application for Registration Reinstatement under Sections 58(3) and 58.1(2)	\$950.00

3. Annual Registration Fees:

Full Class	\$850.00
Limited Class	\$850.00
Temporary Class (*See Note 4)	\$425.00
Student Class	\$200.00
Non-Practising Class	\$425.00
Notes:	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Registration fees for first time applicants to full or student classes of registration that are effective after April 1st will be prorated based on the number of months remaining until March 31st of the next year. 2. Limited registrants applying for full registration will be charged a prorated registration fee based on the number of months left between the limited registration expiry date and March 31st. 3. All fees are non-refundable. 4. Temporary Class Registration Fee is for a 90-day period. 	

Schedule G

Order To Attend Hearing Of Discipline Committee

IN THE MATTER OF THE COLLEGE OF TRADITIONAL CHINESE MEDICINE PRACTITIONERS AND ACUPUNCTURISTS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

and

IN THE MATTER OF A HEARING PURSUANT TO [SECTION 37 AND/OR SECTION 43] OF THE HEALTH PROFESSIONS ACT INTO THE CONDUCT OF []

ORDER

TO:

TAKE NOTICE that you are required to attend to testify as a witness at the time, date, and place set out below, pursuant to the provisions of [section 38 and/or section 44] of the Health Professions Act, S.B.C.,

c.50. You are also required to bring with you all documents in your possession or power relating to the matters in question in this proceeding.

Please note that provisions of the Health Professions Act and the bylaws of the College of Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioners and Acupuncturists of British Columbia reproduced on the back of this Order.

TIME:

DATE:

PLACE:

Dated:

Member, Panel of the Discipline Committee
responsible for the conduct of the hearing

Schedule H

Recognized TCM Education/Training Programs

1. PCU College of Holistic Medicine
220 - 5021 Kingsway
Burnaby, B.C.
 - Registered Acupuncturist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner
 - Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine

2. Tzu Chi International College of Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCICTCM)
#200 - 1215 West Broadway
Vancouver, B.C.
 - Registered Acupuncturist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner
 - Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine

3. Vancouver Beijing College of Chinese Medicine
3135 - 8888 Odlin Crescent
Richmond, B.C.
 - Registered Acupuncturist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner
 - Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine

4. Pacific Rim College
229 - 560 Johnson Street
Victoria, B.C.
 - Registered Acupuncturist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner
 - Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine

5. Kootenay Columbia College of Integrative Health Sciences
Suite 2 - 560 Baker Street
Nelson, B.C.
 - Registered Acupuncturist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner
 - Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine

6. Oshio College of Acupuncture and Herbology
100 - 3491 Saanich Road
Victoria, B.C.
 - Registered Acupuncturist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner
 - Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine

7. Central College
200 - 60 8th Street
New Westminster, B.C.
 - Registered Acupuncturist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner

8. Kwantlen Polytechnic University
8771 Lansdowne Road
Richmond, B.C.
 - Registered Acupuncturist

9. Vancouver Career College
220 - 5021 Kingsway
Burnaby, B.C.
 - Registered Acupuncturist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist
 - Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner
 - Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine

Schedule J

Inquiry Committee
Tariff of Costs Section 33 Investigation

The Inquiry Committee may assess costs under this Tariff to partially indemnify for the expenses incurred by the College of Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioners and Acupuncturists of BC for investigations under section 33 of the Health Professions Act (Act). In assessing costs, the Inquiry Committee shall have regard to the following principles:

1. The value for each unit is \$100.00.
- 2.
3. Where maximum and minimum number of units is provided for in an item in the Tariff, the Inquiry Committee has the discretion to allow a number within that range of units.
4. In assessing costs where the Tariff indicates a range of units, the Inquiry Committee shall ascribe units as follows:
 - a) One unit is for matters upon which little time should ordinarily have been spent;
 - b) The maximum number of units is for matters upon which a great deal of time should ordinarily have been spent.
5. Where in a Tariff item a number of units is allowed for each day but the time is spent during is not more than two hours, only one-half of the units shall be allowed for that day.

Item	Description	Number of Units
1.	Correspondence, conferences, and investigations relating to a s. 33 investigation	Min 1 Max 25
2.	Instructions to an inspect	1
3.	Instructions to legal counsel to apply to Supreme Court for search and seizure order	1
4.	Process for obtaining discovery and inspection of documents	Min 1 Max 10
5.	Preparation for a meeting of Inquiry Committee for each day of attendance	5
6.	Sitting of Inquiry Committee for each day	10
7.	All process relating to undertakings and consents s. 36 of the Act	5

Total Number of Tariff Units:
Unit Value \$100.00: (x\$100.00)
GST 6% on Tariff Costs:

Subtotal: _____

Disbursements (Taxable):
Courier:

Fax (x\$.50/pg):
Long Distance:
Miscellaneous:

Photocopies (x\$.50/pg):
Postal:

Translation of Documents: GST
6%:

Subtotal: _____

Disbursements (Non-taxable):
Minister of Finance: Certification
of Documents: Miscellaneous:
Total: _____

Signature of Chairperson

Date of Assessment

Schedule K

Discipline Committee
Tariff of Costs Section 38 Hearing

The Discipline Committee may assess costs under this tariff to partially indemnify parties for the expenses incurred in the preparation for and conduct of hearings under section 30 of the Health Professions Act (Act), other than for investigations under section 33 of the Act. In assessing costs, the Discipline Committee shall have regard to the following principles:

1. The value for each unit is \$100.00.
2. Where maximum and minimum number of units is provided for in an Item in the tariff, the Discipline Committee has the discretion to allow a number within that range of units.
3. In assessing costs where the tariff indicates a range of units, the Discipline Committee shall ascribe units as follows:
 - a) One unit is for matters upon which little time should ordinarily have been spent;
 - b) The maximum number of units is for matters upon which a great deal of time should ordinarily have been spent.
4. Where in a tariff item a number of units is allowed for each day but the time is spent during is not more that four (4) hours, only one-half of the units shall be allowed for that day.
5. *If the Discipline Committee dismisses the matter under subsection 39(1) of the Act that the matter was without merit, it may award costs to the “respondent” against the College, based on this tariff; provided such costs awarded do not exceed in total 50% of the actual costs to the College for legal representation for the purposes of the hearing.
6. *If the Discipline Committee makes and acts on its determination of the matter under subsection 39(2) of the Act, it may award costs to the College against the “respondent” , based on this tariff; provided such costs awarded to not exceed in total 50% of the actual costs to the College for legal representation for the purposes of the hearing.

*These principles are in force upon the proclamation of amended section 39 of the Health Professions Amendment Act (section 29, Health Professions Amendment Act, c.57 2003)

Item	Description	Number of Units
1.	Correspondence, conferences, instructions, investigations or negotiations by a party not relating to a hearing for which provision is not made elsewhere in this Tariff	Min 1 Max 25
2.	Process for obtaining discovery and inspection of documents	Min 1 Max 10

3.	Process for giving discovery and inspection of documents	Min 1 Max 10
4.	Process for obtaining and providing expert testimony	Min 1 Max 10
5.	Preparation for meeting of Discipline Committee for each day of hearing	5
6.	Attendance at hearing for each day	10
7.	Attendance at the hearing where party is ready to proceed and when hearing is not commenced	3
8.	Process for negotiations, settlement, discontinuance, or dismissal by consent if settle, discontinued, or dismissed by consent as a result of the negotiations	5

Total Number of Tariff Units:

Unit Value \$100.00: (x\$100.00)

GST 6% on Tariff Costs:

Subtotal: _____

Disbursements (Taxable):

Courier:

Fax (x \$.50/pg):

Long Distance:

Miscellaneous: Photocopies

(x \$.50/pg): Postal:

Translation of Documents: GST

6%:

Subtotal: _____

Disbursements (Non-taxable):

Minister of Finance: Certification

of Documents: Miscellaneous:

TOTAL: _____

Signature of Chairperson

Date of Assessment

Schedule L

Examinations and Courses Required for Full Registration

Examination and Course Requirements for Full Registration under section 48(1)(c) of the Bylaws

Registered Acupuncturist (R.Ac.)

- Acupuncture Registration Examination: Pan-Canadian Acupuncturists Examination
- CTCMA Acupuncture Safety Examination or CTCMA Interactive Safety Course
- CTCMA Jurisprudence Examination

Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist (R.TCM.H.)

- Herbology Registration Examination: Pan-Canadian TCM Herbalists Examination
- CTCMA Herbology Safety Examination or CTCMA Interactive Safety Course
- CTCMA Jurisprudence Examination

Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner (R.TCM.P.)

- TCM Practitioner Registration Examination: Pan-Canadian TCM Practitioners Examination*
- CTCMA Acupuncture Safety Examination and CTCMA Herbology Safety Examination, or CTCMA Interactive Safety Course
- CTCMA Jurisprudence Examination

Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine (Dr. TCM.)

- Dr.TCM Registration Examination: CTCMA Doctor of TCM Examination
- Current full registration as R.TCM.P. in BC

Course Requirement for Full Registration under section 48(3) of the Bylaws

All Titles

- CTCMA Jurisprudence Examination

* The Pan-Canadian Acupuncturists Examination and the Pan-Canadian TCM Herbalists Examination together are equivalent to the Pan-Canadian TCM Practitioners Examination

Schedule M

Examination Requirements for Reinstatement

Sections 58(1)(b)

- Registered Acupuncturist (R.Ac.):
 - CTCMA Acupuncture Safety Examination or CTCMA Interactive Safety Course
 - CTCMA Jurisprudence Examination
 - Refresher courses as determined by registration committee
- Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist (R.TCM.H.):
 - CTCMA Herbology Safety Examination or CTCMA Interactive Safety Course
 - CTCMA Jurisprudence Examination
 - Refresher courses as determined by registration committee
- TCM Practitioner (R.TCM.P.):
 - CTCMA Acupuncture Safety Examination and CTCMA Herbology Safety Examination, or CTCMA Interactive Safety Course
 - CTCMA Jurisprudence Examination
 - Refresher courses as determined by registration committee
- Doctor of TCM (Dr. TCM.):
 - CTCMA Acupuncture Safety Examination and CTCMA Herbology Safety Examination or CTCMA Interactive Safety Course
 - CTCMA Jurisprudence Examination
 - Refresher courses as determined by registration committee

Section 58(3)(b), and 58.1(2)(b)(ii)

- Registered Acupuncturist (R.Ac.):
 - Acupuncture Registration Examination: Pan-Canadian Acupuncturists Examination
 - CTCMA Acupuncture Safety Examination or CTCMA Interactive Safety Course
 - CTCMA Jurisprudence Examination
 - Refresher courses as determined by registration committee
- Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Herbalist (R.TCM.H.):
 - Herbology Registration Examination: Pan-Canadian TCM Herbalists Examination
 - CTCMA Herbology Safety Examination or CTCMA Interactive Safety Course
 - CTCMA Jurisprudence Examination
 - Refresher courses as determined by registration committee
- Registered Traditional Chinese Medicine Practitioner (R.TCM.P.):
 - TCM Practitioner Registration Examination: Pan-Canadian TCM Practitioners Examination*
 - CTCMA Acupuncture Safety Examination and CTCMA Herbology Safety Examination, or CTCMA Interactive Safety Course
 - CTCMA Jurisprudence Examination
 - Refresher courses as determined by registration committee
- Doctor of Traditional Chinese Medicine (Dr. TCM.)
 - Dr.TCM Registration Examination: Doctor of TCM Examination
 - CTCMA Acupuncture Safety Examination and CTCMA Herbology Safety Examination or CTCMA Interactive Safety Course
 - CTCMA Jurisprudence Examination

- Refresher courses as determined by registration committee

* The Pan-Canadian Examination for Acupuncturists and the Pan-Canadian Examination for TCM Herbalists together are equivalent to the Pan-Canadian Examination for TCM Practitioners